Register No.:	
935	

## **April 2023**

## Time - Three hours (Maximum Marks: 100)

- Answer all questions under Part-A. Each question carries 3 marks.
  - Answer all the questions either (A) or (B) in Part-B. Each question carries 14 marks.
  - Standard Refrigeration tables are permitted.

## PART - A

- What is C.O.P of refrigerator?
- What is a cooling tower?
- 3. Define the term refrigeration effect.
- 4. What are the uses of flash chamber?
- 5. What is a solenoid valve?
- Define freeze drying?
- What is relative humidity?
- 8. What is by pass factor?
- Differentiate between fan and blower.
- 10. What is conduction heat load?

## PART - B

11. (a) A Refrigerator is supplied with 10000 kg of fruits at a temperature of 20°C. The fish is to be cooled to -11°C for preserving it for a long period without deterioration. The cooling take place in 9.5hrs. The specific heat of fruits is 2.95 kJ/kgK above freezing point and 1.29 kJ/kgK below freezing point which is -3°C. The latent heat of freezing is 231.34 kJ/kg. Find the refrigerating capacity.

(Or)

- (i) Explain the construction and working principle of shell and tube type water cooled condenser with a neat sketch.(7)
  - (ii) Explain dry expansion evaporator with neat sketch.(7)

- 12. (a) An ammonia vapour compression refrigerator has an effective swept volume of 0.312 m³ per minute. Condensation and evaporation takes place at 30°C respectively. There is no under cooling and the gas temperature after compression is 52°C taking C<sub>p</sub> for the superheated vapour as 2.95KJ/kgK. Determine
  - (i) The dryness fraction of the vapour as it enters the compressor.
  - (ii) The rate of circulation of ammonia in kg per minute.
  - (iii) The rate of extraction of heat in kJ/min.
  - (iv) The heat rejected in the condenser per minute.

(Or)

- (b) Explain solar absorption refrigeration system with neat sketch.
- (a) Explain the construction and working of automatic expansion valve with a neat sketch.

(Or)

- (b) Explain the following:
  - (i) Cold storage (ii) Dairy refrigeration (iii) Ice cream cabinets.
- 14. (a) Explain any four psychrometric processes with neat sketch.

(Or)

- (b) The air at 75% RH and 32°C DBT enters a cooling coil at the rate of 110m³/min. The coil dew point temperature is 15°C and its BPF is 0.1. Find:
  - (i) Temperature of air leaving the cooling coil.
  - (ii) Amount of water vapour removed per min.
  - (iii) Capacity of the cooling coil in TR and KW.
  - (iv) S.H.F. of the process.
- (a) (i) Explain the working of air washer dehumidifier with a neat sketch.(10)
  - (ii) What are the different types of insulating materials used for air - conditioning?(4)

(Or)

- (b) An air conditioned room is maintained at 27°C DBT and 50% RH when ambient conditions are 40°C DBT and 27°C WBT. The room sensible heat gain is 14 kW. The air enters the conditioned hall at 7°C DBT and saturated. Find,
  - (i) Volume of moist air supplied to the space in m³/min.
  - (ii) Latent heat gain in the room in kW.
  - (iii) Cooling load of the air washer in kW if 30 % of the air supplied to the room is fresh air and remaining 70 % is recirculated.