Register No.:

2226

October 2024

<u>Time – Three hours</u> (Maximum Marks: 100)

- *N.B.* 1. Answer all questions under Part-A. Each question carries 3 marks.
 - 2. Answer all the questions either (A) or (B) in Part-B. Each question carries 14 marks.

<u> PART – A</u>

- 1. What is the need for filters?
- 2. List any two opto-electronic devices and give their applications.
- 3. What is thermal runaway?
- 4. Compare BJT and JFET.
- 5. Mention the types of amplifier according to their frequency of operation.
- 6. What are the conditions for sustained oscillation?
- 7. Draw the symbol of SCR, DIAC and TRIAC.
- 8. Define holding current.
- 9. List the types of wave shaping circuits.
- 10. Draw the circuit diagram of voltage tripler.

[Turn over.....

<u> PART – B</u>

11. (a) Explain the working of Zener diode as a voltage regulator and draw its regulation characteristics.

(Or)

- (b) Explain the construction and working principle of photodiode with neat sketch. Draw its V-I characteristics.
- 12. (a) Explain the construction and working of common emitter transistor as an amplifier. Also list out its applications.

(Or)

- (b) Explain the working of UJT relaxation oscillator and draw its output wave form.
- 13. (a) (i) Explain the effects of negative feedback on gain, input and output impedance, bandwidth, distortion and noise. (10)
 - (ii) Draw the block diagram of various feedback connections. (4)

(Or)

- (b) Explain the working of Hartley oscillator. Mention its frequency of oscillation.
- 14. (a) Explain the construction and working of SCR with necessary diagram.

(Or)

- (b) Explain the working of DIAC and draw its V-I characteristics. Also list out its applications.
- 15. (a) Explain the working of positive and negative clamper. Draw their input and output wave forms.

(Or)

(b) Explain the working of astable multivibrator. Draw its output wave forms.
